Language Development

Age of child	Typical language development
6 months	Vocalisation with intonation
	Responds to name
	Responds to human voices by turning head/eyes without visual clues
	Responds appropriately to tone of voice, e.g. friendly, angry
12 months	Uses one or more words with meaning (could be a word fragment)
	Practices inflection
	Understands simple instructions, especially if vocal or physical cues are given
	Is aware of the social uses/values of speech
18 months	Has a common vocabulary of between 10 and 20 words
	Nouns form the majority of their vocabulary
	Some echolalia (i.e. the repeating of words repetitively)
	Emotional content becomes evident in word use
	Able to follow simple commands
24 months	Is able to name common objects in her/his surroundings
	Is able to use up to 2 prepositions in speech, e.g. under, over, in
	Forms short sentences, i.e. noun – verb combinations, length up to 4-5 words
	Vocabulary is generally around 150 – 300 words
	Approximately two thirds of speech is intelligible and with meaning
	Fluency and rhythm remain poor
	Volume and pitch of voice remain poorly controlled
	Up to two pronouns are used correctly, i.e. I, you, me
	Responds to commands such as "Touch your ears?"
3 years	Uses pronouns I, me and you correctly
	Is able to use some past tense verbs correctly
	Is able to use some plurals correctly
	Can respond to the main parts of the body (labelling)
	Handles sentences of three words easily.
	Vocabulary is between 800 and 1000 words
	Approximately 90% of speech is intelligible and with meaning
	Verbs are beginning to predominate in speech
	Understands and can respond to simple questions about their environment and activities
	Able to apply reason to respond to questions about themselves, e.g. "What do
	you do when you are sleepy?"
	Make-believe becomes a part of play activities
	Extensive verbalisation during activities
	Follows simple commands even when objects are not in sight (some abstract understanding)
	Developing understanding of words which have comparison concepts involved,
	i.e. larger, longer, smaller, etc
	Repetition of words, phrases, syllables and sounds
	Repeation of words, principes, syndoles and sounds

Age of child	Typical language development
4 years	Knows names of familiar objects and animals
	Correctly uses a minim of 4 prepositions
	Names common objects in books or magazines
	Knows some colours
	Can repeat four digits when prompted
	Is able to say words of up to 4 syllables
	Understands the words under and over and can use correctly in sentences
	Can pronounce most vowels, dipthongs and the consonants p, b, m, n and
	Extensive verbalisation when carrying out activities
	When contrasting objects can make use of comparison concepts such as
	smaller, longer, etc
5 years	Makes use of descriptive words – both adverbs and adjectives
	Knows and make use of common opposites, i.e. big-little, small-large, light-
	heavy, etc
	Can count to 10
	Speech can be intelligible even if there is some articulation difficulties
	Can repeat sentences up to nine words long
	Can pronounce most vowels, dipthongs and the consonants b, p, m, n, ng, h, k,
	g, d, t, y and w correctly
	Able to define common words in terms of use, e.g. hat – wear on head
	Follow up to 3 consecutive commands without interruption
	Know their age
	Use simple time concepts, i.e. night, day, afternoon, morning, later, etc.
	Starting to use compound and complex sentences
	Speech is generally grammatically correct
6 years	The following consonants are mastered: f, v, sh, zh, th
	Speech is now socially useful
	Speech generally intelligible
	Able to tell a self constructed story about a picture
7 years	Should have mastered the consonants s-z, r, ch, wh and the soft g
	Handles opposite analogies, i.e. boy-girl, woman-man, runs-walks, sweet-sour
	Understands and uses terms like different, same, end, beginning, mioddle, etc
	correctly
	Able to tell the time to the quarter hour
	Able to read simple text and write/print many words
8 years	Can provide explanation of rather complex events
	Includes past, present and future contexts in discussions
	Compound and complex sentences used easily
	Occasional lapse in grammatical constructions but generally correct use
	evident, i.e. tense, pronouns, plurals, contractions, etc
	All speech sounds well established
	Reading appropriate text with some easy
	Forming up simple compositions
	Social conventions present in speech in appropriate situations
	Sound control of speech elements such as rate, tone, volume, etc
	Can conduct a conversation with an adult
	Follows complex instructions without undue repetition
	Demonstrates well developed time and number concepts