

Parliament and Government in Queensland

Community Engagement Services Queensland Parliament



Three Levels of Government in Australia



• Federal

• State

Local





Local Government

- Town Planning, Zoning
- Land Subdivision
- Local Roads, Footpaths and Drains
- Health Inspection
- Garbage and Sewage Disposal
- Public Libraries
- Traffic Control





State Government

- Education
- Health
- Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Affairs
- Roads
- Railways and Public Transport
- Forestry, Conservation





Federal Government

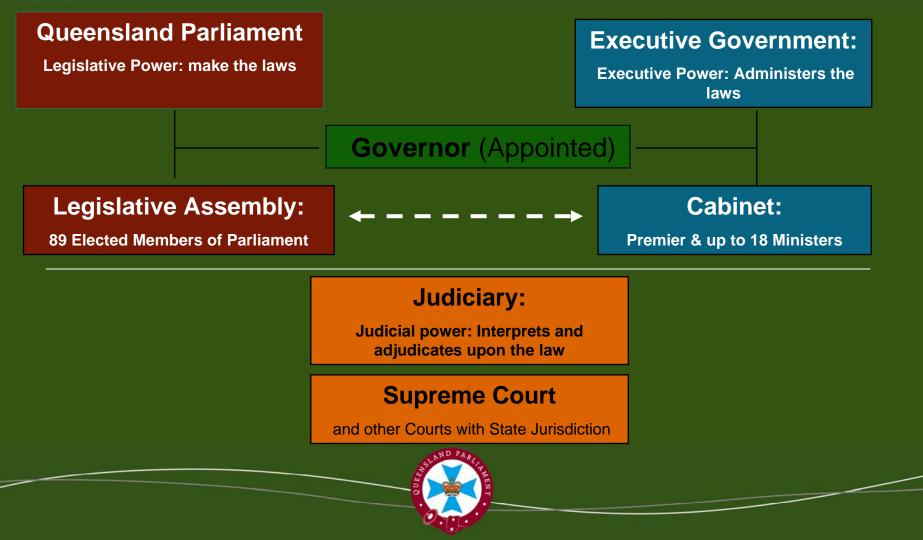
Commonwealth of Australia Constitution Act, Section 51

- Trade and Commerce
- Defence
- Banking and Currency
- Immigration
- Quarantine
- Family Law
- Bankruptcy





Separation of Powers in Queensland



Queensland Parliament

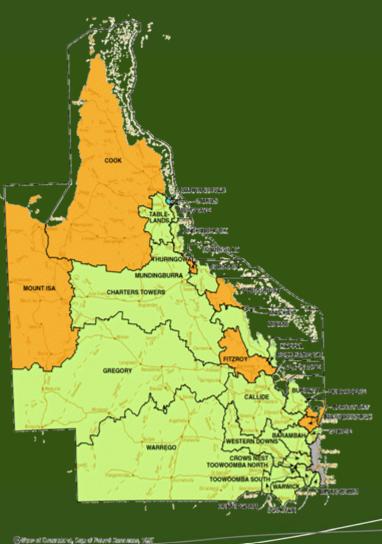
- Queen represented by the Governor
- Legislative Assembly (89 members)





Queensland Parliament

- 89 Members of Parliament elected every 3 years to Parliament
- Each Member of Parliament represents a single Electoral district of approximately 30,000 voters



Roles of State Parliament

- To make laws
- To make the State Government accountable to the people
- To represent the people of Queensland
- To grant supply (money)
- Forum for debate
- Form a Government



Queensland Parliament -Structure

The Government is formed from the political party or coalition of parties with the majority of Members in the Parliament











Executive Government

• The Executive implements the laws made by Parliament through Government Departments.

 Government Departments are staffed by public servants.



Executive Government

The Cabinet consists of the Premier and up to 18 other Ministers

Each Minister is responsible for administering one or more Government Departments

Example Education Queensland Image: I



Judiciary

- Supreme Courts and other Courts
- interpret and adjudicate on the law

