# **BLOOM'S TAXONOMY - Cognitive Domain**

Bloom's Taxonomy provides a structured questioning method that allows for students to engage in higher order thinking processes. The Six Levels of Questioning based on Bloom's Taxonomy provides an excellent starting point for teachers wanting to move beyond the basic question and answer techniques.

#### **Useful Websites:**

http://www.teachers.ash.org.au/researchskills/Dalton.htm

http://www.nwlink.com/~donclark/hrd/bloom.html

http://www.cap.nsw.edu.au/teachers/tech based resources/mi pages/index.htm

### Level 1 - Knowledge

Exhibits memory of previously learnt materials by recalling facts, terms, basic concepts, and answers.

#### **Key Words**

who	what	why	when	where	which	omit
choose	find	how	define	label	show	spell
list	match	name	relate	tell	recall	select

#### Sample Questions

What is?	How would you show?
Who was?	Who were the main?
How is?	Which one?
Where is?	How would you describe?
How did happen?	Can you recall?
When did happen?	Can you select?
Why did?	Can you list the three?
When did?	

## Level 2 - Comprehension

Demonstrates understanding of facts and ideas by organising, comparing, translating, interpreting, giving descriptions, and stating main ideas.

#### **Key Words**

compare	contrast	demonstrate	interpret	explain
extend	illustrate	infer	outline	relate
rephrase	translate	summarise	show	classify

#### **Sample Questions**

What is the main idea of?	What facts or ideas show?
Can you explain what is happening?	What does mean?
How would you classify the type of?	How would you compare?
How would you contrast?	Put in your own words
How would you rephrase the meaning of?	What statements support?
What can you say about?	Which is the best answer?
How would you summarise?	

# **Level 3 – Application**

Solve problems to new situations by applying acquired knowledge, facts, techniques, and rules in a different way.

#### **Key Words**

apply	build	choose	construct	develop
interview	make use of	organise	plan	select
solve	utilise	model	identify	experiment

#### **Sample Questions**

How would you use?
What examples can you find to?
What would happen if?
What parts would you choose to change?
How would you solve using what you've learned?
How would you organise to show?
How would you show your understanding of?
What approach would you use to?
How would you apply what you learned to?
What other way would you plan to?
What facts would you select to show?
What questions would you ask in an interview with?

# Level 4 - Analysis

Examine and break information into parts by identifying motives or causes. Make inferences and find evidence to support generalisations.

#### **Key Words**

analyse	categorise	classify	compare	contrast
discover	dissect	divide	examine	inspect
simplify	survey	take part in	test for	distinguish
list	distinction	theme	relationships	function
motive	inference	assumption	conclusion	

#### **Sample Questions**

Why do you think?	What are the parts or features of?
How is related to?	What motive is there?
Can you list the parts?	What inference can you make?
What conclusions can you draw?	How would you classify?
How would you categorize?	What evidence can you find?
What is the relationship between?	Can you make a distinction between?
What is the function of?	

### **Level 5 – Synthesis**

Compile information together in a different way by combining elements in a new pattern or proposing alternative solutions.

#### **Key Words**

build	choose	combine	compile	compose
construct	create	design	develop	estimate
formulate	imagine	invent	make up	originate
plan	predict	propose	solve	solution
suppose	discuss	modify	change	original
improve	adapt	minimise	maximise	delete
theorise	elaborate	test	happen	change

#### **Sample Questions**

What change would you make to solve?	How would you improve?
What would happen if?	Can you elaborate on the reason?
Can you propose an alternative?	How would you adapt to create a different?
Can you invent?	How would you change or modify the plot?
What way would you design?	What could be done to minimise or maximise?
What could be combined to improve?	Suppose you could What would you do?
How would you test?	Can you formulate a theory for?
Can you predict the outcome if?	Can you think for an original way for the?

### **Level 6 – Evaluation**

Present and defend opinions by making judgements about information, validity of ideas, or quality of work based on a set of criteria.

#### **Key Words**

award	choose	conclude	criticise	decide
defend	determine	dispute	evaluate	judge
justify	measure	compare	mark	rate
recommend	rule on	select	agree	appraise
prioritise	opinion	interpret	explain	support
importance	criteria	prove	disprove	assess
influence	perceive	value	deduct	

#### **Sample Questions**

Do you agree with the actions? Why or why not?	What would you cite to defend the actions?
What is your opinion of?	How would you evaluate?
How would you prove or disprove?	What choice would you have made?
What is the value of?	What would you select?
Would it be better if?	How would you prioritise?
Why did the character choose?	What judgement would you make about?
What would you recommend?	How would you justify?
How would you rate?	Why is it better?

Source: http://www.decd.sa.gov.au/assessment/files/pages/strategies/Bloom\_s\_Taxonomy.pdf